





DEVELOPMENT OF VEGETABLE OIL ACID CONTAINING AIR DRYING WATER BASED EPOXY ESTER COATING PRODUCTS

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• LITERATURE REVIEW

• EXPERIMENTAL

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What are epoxy esters?

- Modified Epoxy Resins
- Reaction Products of epoxy resins and fatty acids
- Combine properties of both epoxy and alkyd resins



Types of Epoxy Esters:

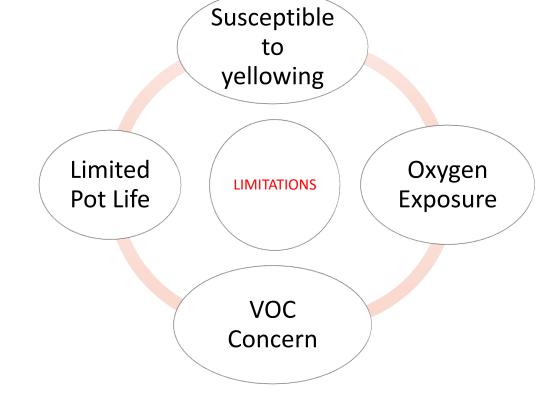
- -Short oil epoxy esters
 Fast drying, good hardness
- -Medium oil epoxy esters
 Balance the flexibility and drying tim



-Long oil epoxy esters
Better flexibility and outdoor
durability
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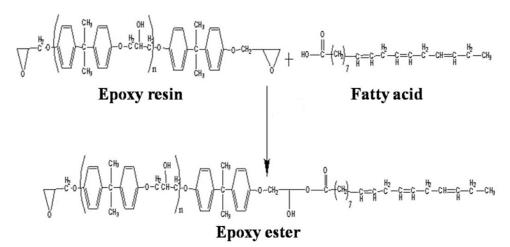
Feature	Epoxy Esters	Traditional Alkyds
Drying Time	Faster	Slower
Adhesion	Excellent	Moderate
Chemical Resistance	Higher	Lower
Durability	Superior	Moderate





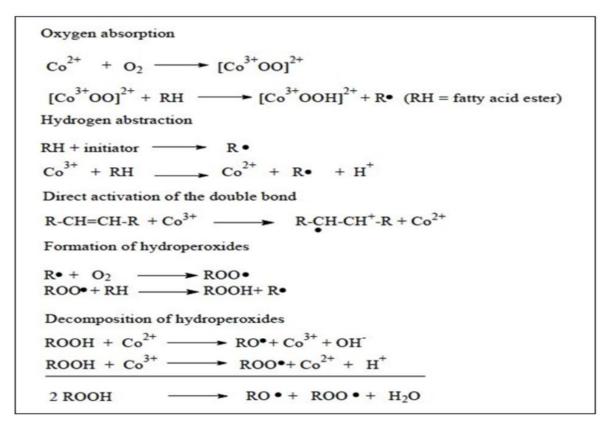














Maintenance Coatings:

 -Protect surfaces subjected to wear and environmental damage.

 Offer the ability to withstand extreme conditions, such as temperature fluctuations and chemical exposure.

-Ensure long-lasting protection for various surfaces, including concrete and metal



Primer for Metal Substrates:

-Enhance the bonding strength between the metal surface and subsequent coatings

-Ensure longevity and durability of the finish.

 -İs vital in industries such as automotive and construction, where metal surfaces are prevalent.

Marine Paints:

-Form a tough, durable layer that protects vessels from harsh marine environments, including saltwater and sun exposure.

 -Enhances adhesion to fiberglass and metal surfaces, reducing the risk of peeling and deterioration.

-is crucial for maintaining the integrity and appearance of ships and boats.



Wood Finishes:

 Create a hard, resilient surface that enhances the natural beauty of wood.

 -Provide excellent resistance to scratches, stains, and moisture.

 -Protect the wood and also allow for ease of cleaning and maintenance.







Epoxy Fatty Acid Esters

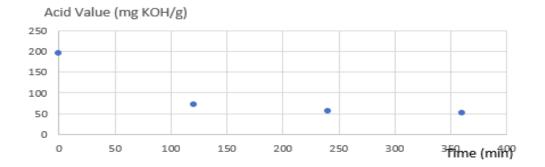
- Good adhesion to metal, wood and concrete, etc...
- Chemical and corrosion resistance
- Fast Drying (oxidative)
- Excellent gloss and weather resistance
- Enhanced flexibility



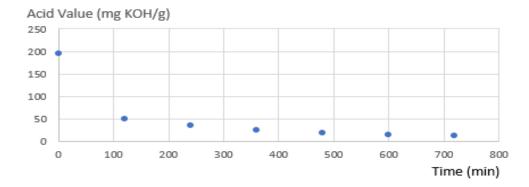








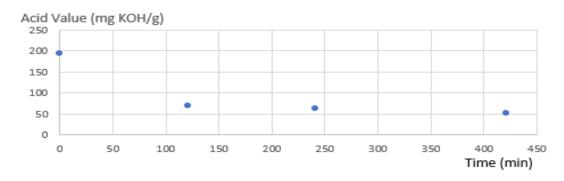
Synthesis - 1 (ER:FA=0,85:1; 140 C; 0, Cat: 0, 5%)



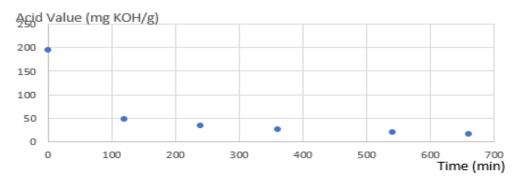
Synthesis - 3 (ER:FA=1:1; 160 C; Cat: 0, 50%)





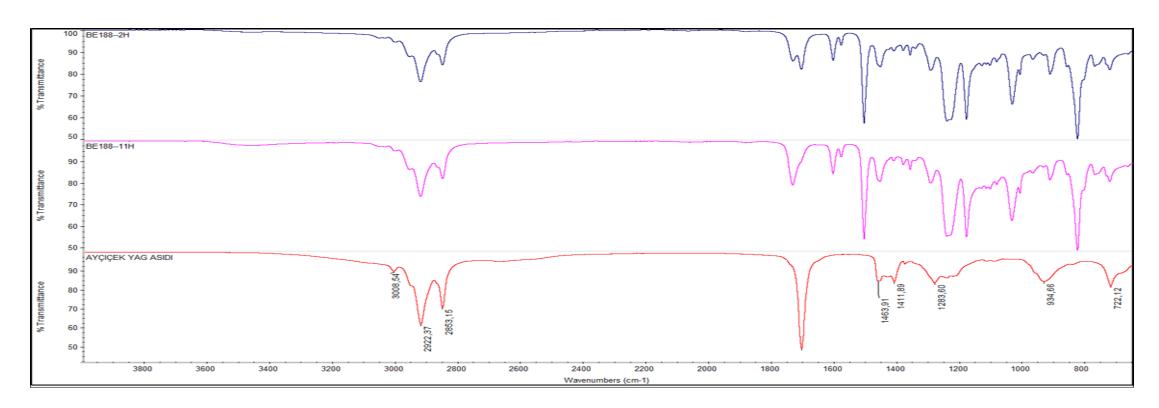


Synthesis - 2 (ER:FA=0,85:1; 140 C; Cat: 0, 75%)



Synthesis - 4 (ER:FA=1,14:1; 160 C; Cat: 0, 50%











Choose Visual emulsifiers, Literature Emulsificati Checking of additive, Search emulsions on etc... Stability **Applications** process and **Analyzing** then testing





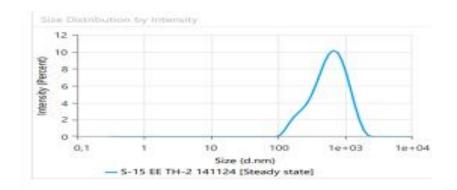


Raw materials	FORMULATION CODES							
	F-1	F-2	F-3	F-4	F-5	F-6	F-7	
Resin	22,51	17,54	21,72	21,95	22,63	11,72	11,328	
Emulsifier 1	0,5	0,5	0,35	0,37	0,53	0,18	0,18	
Emulsifier 2	2,05	2,01	1,54	1,54	2,05	0,84	0,72	
dH2O	32,5	27,52	32,5	32,5	32,5	16,27	16,25	
Others	0	0	0,0065	0,0325	0,0325	0,081	0,1068	
VOC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Status(Fresh sample)	SEDIMENTED	STABLE	SEDIMENTED	SEDIMENTED	STABLE	STABLE	STABLE	
Z-Avarage (nm) Fresh Sample	Not analyzed	654,2	Not analyzed	2475	496.5	856,3	1051	
PDI Fresh sample	Not analyzed	0,2106	Not analyzed	0,7051	0,2729	0,2835	0,2568	
Z-avarage (nm) (30D; 50 C)	Not analyzed	2880	Not analyzed	Not analyzed	709,5	1112	830,8	
PDI (30D; 50 C)	Not analyzed	0,8853	Not analyzed	Not analyzed	0,10	0,41	0,3066	

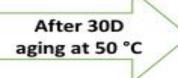


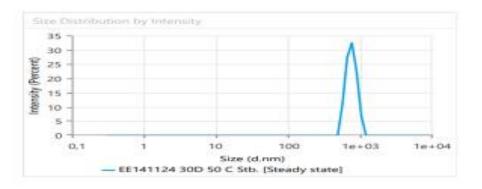






Name	Mean	Standard Deviation	RSD	Minimum	Maximum
Z-Average (nm)	496,5	-	+3	496,5	496,5
Polydispersity Index (PI)	0,2729		+	0,2729	0,2729
Mean Count Rate (kcps)	466,4	-	-	466,4	466,4
Peak 1 Mean by Intensity ordered by area (nm)	664,7	-	+	664,7	664,7
Intercept	0,9612	-3	\$	0,9612	0,9612
Fit Error	0.001818			0.001818	0.001818



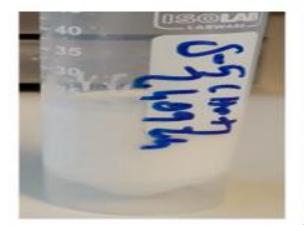


Statistics Table					
Name	Mean	Standard Deviation	RSD	Minimum	Maximum
Z-Average (nm)	709,5	+	+	709.5	709,5
Polydispersity Index (PI)	0,1014		+	0,1014	0,1014
Mean Count Rate (kcps)	387,1	*	+	387,1	387,1
Peak 1 Mean by Intensity ordered by area (nm)	764,2	12	ş	764,2	764,2
Intercept	0.8233	+	+	0,8233	0.8233
Fit Error	0,008319	i.	+	0,008319	0,008319

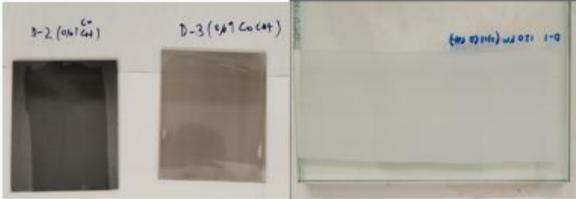




















CONCLUSION

• Stable epoxy ester resins were synthesized from suflower oil fatty acids and diglycdyl ether bisphenol a epoxy resin.

 Stable epoxy ester emulsions containing zero VOC were formulated and applied on different types of substrate including metal, glass, etc.

Applied coating films showed good mechanical and chemical behaviors.

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THANK YOU...





